

Duration: 2hr

Marks: 60

- N.B.**
- 1 Question No.1 is Compulsory
 - 2 Attempt any three questions from the remaining questions Nos.2 to 6
 - 3 Assume Suitable data wherever required.
 - 4 Figures to the right indicate marks.

- Q1 Attempt any five from the following (3 marks each) 15**
- 1(a) How interference of light is produced by (i) division of wave front and (ii) division of amplitude
 - (b) What is the difference between LASER and Ordinary Light?
 - (c) Calculate V number for an optical fiber having numerical aperture 0.25 and core Diameter 20 micrometer if it is operated at 1.55 micrometer.
 - (d) What is curl of vector? Explain its significance
 - (e) What is CRO? Draw its block diagram
 - (f) Enlist various properties of nanomaterial's
 - (g) A grating has 620 rulings/mm and is 5.05mm wide. What is the smallest wavelength interval that can be resolved in the third order at $\lambda=481\text{nm}$?
- Q2 A** Derive the conditions for maxima and minima due to interference in transmitted system of light from thin film of uniform thickness. **08**
- B** Derive the expression for numerical Aperture for a step index fiber. The N.A. of an optical fiber is 0.5 and core R.I. is 1.54. Find refractive index of cladding **07**
- Q3 A** With neat sketch explain principle, construction, working & energy diagram of He-Ne Laser **08**
- B** What is meant by diffraction & diffraction grating? How it is useful for determination of wavelength of monochromatic source? **07**
- Q4 A** Define a field. What are scalar and vector fields? **05**
- B** Explain the construction & working of CRO **05**
- C** Diameter of the 15th dark ring was 0.59 cm in a Newton's ring experiment. When a liquid is used in placed of air, the diameter of that ring is decreased by 0.09 cm. What is the refractive index of the liquid? **05**
- Q5 A** Explain the working of SEM with a neat diagram & its applications **05**
- B** Derive point form of all Maxwell's equations **05**
- C** An electron enters a uniform magnetic field (B) = 0.23 wb/m² at an angle 45° to B determine the radius and pitch of the helical path. Speed of electron is $3 \times 10^7 \text{m/s}$. **05**
- Q6 A** What is divergence of vector in Cartesian? Explain its significance. **05**
- B** What is pumping in LASE? Give the types of pumping **05**
- C** What do you understand by anti-reflection coating? Derive the conditions with proper diagram **05**